

Association of **Pacific Island** Legislatures

American Samoa Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands FSM, State of Chuuk FSM, State of Kosrae FSM, State of Pohnpei FSM, State of Yap Island of Guam Republic of Kiribati Republic of the Marshall Islands Republic of Nauru Republic of Palau

State of Hawaii

A RESOLUTION

APIL Resolution No. 33-GA-03, CD1

"To explore the concept and the feasibility of the establishment of a closely affiliated, regional network of museums for the APIL Pacific."

1	WHEREAS, throughout the islands of the jurisdictions of the Association of the
2	Pacific Island Legislatures, we all share deep and enduring values in the heritage of our
3	peoples and in the traditions of our cultures, the importance of which are embodied in the
4	founding documents of our island governments; and
5	WHEREAS, in the Preamble of the Constitution of the Federated States of
6	Micronesia, the basic document upon which the FSM Nation was founded, the importance
7	of the diverse history of the island States of Kosrae, Pohnpei, Chuuk and Yap takes center
8	stage:
9	"To make one nation of many islands, we respect the diversity of our
10	cultures. Our differences enrich us. The seas bring us together, they do not
11	separate us. Our islands sustain us, our island nation enlarges us and makes
12	us stronger.
13	Our ancestors, who made their homes on these islands, displaced no
14	other people. We, who remain, wish no other home than this. Having known
15	war, we hope for peace. Having been divided, we wish unity. Having been
16	ruled, we seek freedom.

1	Micronesia began in the days when man explored seas in rafts and
2	canoes. The Micronesian nation is born in an age when men voyage among
3	stars; our world itself is an island."; and
4	WHEREAS, in like manner, the Preamble of the Constitution of the Republic of the
5	Marshall Islands resolutely proclaims that:
6	"We have reason to be proud of our forefathers who boldly ventured
7	across the unknown waters of the vast Pacific Ocean many centuries ago, ably
8	responding to the constant challenges of maintaining a bare existence on these
9	tiny islands in their noble quest to build their own distinctive society.
10	This society has survived, and has withstood the test of time, the impact of
11	other cultures, the devastation of war, and the high price paid for the purposes of
12	international peace and security. All we have and are today as a people, we have
13	received as a sacred heritage which we pledge ourselves to safeguard and
14	maintain, valuing nothing more dearly than our rightful home on the islands.";
15	and
16	WHEREAS, from the western most island nation of the Pacific, the Preamble of the
17	Constitution of the Republic of Palau proudly announces that:
18	"We, the people of Palau
19	proclaim and reaffirm our immemorial right
20	to be supreme in these islands of Palau, our homeland.
21	We renew our dedication
22	to preserve and enhance our traditional heritage,
23	our national identity and
24	our respect for peace, freedom and justice for all mankind"; and

1	WHEREAS, the Preamble of the Constitution of the most northerly member in the
2	Association of Pacific Island Legislatures, the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana
3	Islands begins with the challenge that:
4	"We the people of the Northern Mariana Islands, grateful to Almighty God
5	for our freedom, ordain and establish this Constitution as the embodiment of
6	our traditions"; and
7	WHEREAS, the Preamble of the Constitution of the State of Hawaii, the first of the
8	islands in our region of the Pacific to re-attain self-government in the modern age, begins
9	with the words:
10	"We, the people of Hawaii, grateful for Divine Guidance, and mindful of
11	our Hawaiian heritage and uniqueness as an island State, dedicate our
12	efforts to fulfill the philosophy decreed by the Hawaii State motto, "Ua
13	mau ke ea o ka aina i ka pono""; and
14	WHEREAS, just south of the equator, the Preamble of the Constitution of the
15	Republic of Kiribati begins with the solemn words:
16	"We the people of Kiribati, acknowledging God as the Almighty Father
17	in whom we put trust, and with faith in the enduring value of our
18	tradition and heritage, do now grant ourselves this Constitution
19	establishing a sovereign democratic State."; and
20	WHEREAS, the Constitution of the southern most Territory of American Samoa
21	which has been established to further advance government of the people, by the people, and
22	for the people of American Samoa, specifically provides for a constitutional office to be
23	known as the Secretary of Samoan Affairs who shall be appointed by the Governor from
24	among the leading registered matais.; and
25	WHEREAS, the basic document establishing the government of the Territory of
26	Guam unfortunately is not an indigenous document since it was not composed nor was it

1 ratified by the people of Guam, but in April of this year the I Mina'trentai Dos Na 2 Liheslaturan Guåhan, (the Guam Legislature), enacted Public Law No. 32-145 through 3 which the elected legislative representatives of the people of Guam declared the first 4 Monday in March of each year as Guam History and Chamarro Heritage Day; moreover, 5 WHEREAS, because of their strong commitment to the promotion of cultural and 6 traditional arts, both American Samoa in 2008 and Guam in 2016 have been privileged to be 7 selected to serve as the hosts of the Pacific Festival of Arts, an event which occurs only once 8 every four years and which involves the participation of at least 27 island countries and 9 territories spanning the whole of the Pacific Ocean; and 10 WHEREAS, narrowing our focus back again to the islands of the Central Pacific, it 11 is the sense of the General Assembly of the Association of Pacific Island Legislatures that 12 our uniquely connected histories, languages, cultures and traditions play a dramatic role in 13 the lives of all of us throughout our island chains and archipelagoes; and 14 **WHEREAS**, the tempo of the music of these connected notes of shared memories, 15 values and beliefs, when sung in concert, give meaning and form to the expression, "blue 16 continent", the symbol by which the members of the Association of the Pacific Island 17 Legislatures have come to refer to our special place in the world in recent years; and 18 WHEREAS, although noticeably connected, our languages, cultures and traditions 19 do differ in many respects; yet it is the deeply felt sense of the APIL General Assembly that 20 there are a significant number of aspects of our histories which we most strongly share in 21 common; and 22 WHEREAS, we have come to learn about these common histories through the 23 legends or our ancestors which date back thousands of years when palaces like Nan Madol 24 in Pohnpei and Insaru in Kosrae were built as part of the Kachau Empire that stretched 25 across the vast and seemingly endless seas of the Central Pacific; and

WHEREAS, well before our people discovered that there were civilizations outside and far away from the boundless seas of the Pacific, our ancestors were navigating to, from and between the islands of our blue continent, sailing across the vast passages of our water world in rugged, ocean-going outrigger and doubled hulled canoes; and

WHEREAS, as we began to emerge out of the ancient past into a new age of discovery, our forefathers from Hawaii in the east to Palau in the west; from American Samoa in the south to the Mariana Islands in the north, began to realize that we all share common histories of the explorations of the tall masted ships of nations that we never knew existed, of the expeditions of the whaling vessels voyaging out from the seaports of both New England and Old England, of the introduction of Christianity through the voyages of the early missionaries traveling under the sponsorship of churches in both Europe and America, and of the colonization of our islands by advanced nations from both the East and the West; and

WHEREAS, these colonizers from the East and from the West did bring to us the beliefs of religion and the principles of democracy, as well as the benefits of trade and commerce, but their contacts with our islands also brought upon us the devastating impacts of world wars and nuclear contamination; and

WHEREAS, the adverse impacts of the advanced nations of the world on the fragile ecosystems of our islands and our seas continue to threaten our existence as island peoples through the rising sea levels of global warming caused by the pollutants of the modern industries and sprawling populations of those distant nations; and

WHEREAS, it is the profound sense of the General Assembly of the Association of Pacific Island Legislatures that the commonalities of our histories, our mutual respect for the diversity of our languages, cultures and traditions, and our deep concerns as to our continued existence as island peoples and island nations, all speak to the need to establish a regional network for the museums that already exist within our region and for the new museums that

1	will be built in the future where the commonalities and contrasts among and between the
2	island peoples of the APIL Pacific can be immortalized and exhibited for our current and
3	future generations to observe and experience; and
4	WHEREAS, the APIL General Assembly is also of the mind that a closely affiliated
5	network of museums, coordinated through the expression of an interconnected display of
6	island histories, cultural traditions, recent political trends and hopes for the future, can also
7	be utilized as a positive instrument to enlighten and to educate the rising numbers of world
8	heritage tourists from distant lands as to both the advantages and the challenges that they
9	and their forefathers have brought to our island shores and to our island peoples; and
10	WHEREAS, the primary mission of our Association of Pacific Island Legislatures is
11	to consider matters of mutual interest in areas where regional cooperation, coordination,
12	exchange and assistance would help individual governments achieve their goals through
13	collective action; and
14	WHEREAS, over the years, our Association has been instrumental in sponsoring
15	and giving birth to organizations and institutions that have brought economic and social
16	advantages and educational and health benefits to the peoples of the member jurisdictions of
17	the APIL Pacific; now, therefore,
18	BE IT RESOLVED by the Association of Pacific Island Legislatures, 33 rd General
19	Assembly, July 15 through July 17, 2014, Island of Majuro in the Republic of the Marshall
20	Islands, that the APIL General Assembly hereby declares that it has decided that the
21	Association will explore the concept and the feasibility of the establishment of a closely
22	affiliated, regional network of museums for the APIL Pacific; and
23	BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that with this decision of the regional concept of a
24	network of museums for the APIL Pacific, the President of the APIL is requested to take the
25	first steps in making the regional museum concept a reality; and

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that in the efforts to bring the regional museum
concept to fruition, the APIL President is further requested to call upon the Association's
national and international partners and friends, the Micronesian Endowment for Historic
Preservation (MEHP) and other established museums, educational institutions, archival
centers, repositories of historical artifacts, as well as other interested NGO's and individuals
to obtain their advice, consultations and assistance; and
BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that the General Assembly expresses its gratitude

to the APIL delegates from the FSM State of Pohnpei who have graciously welcomed the opportunity for the APIL to consider Pohnpei, which is the home of the famous ruins of Nan Madol, the ancient city that served as a central focus within the vast Kachau Empire that first drew the islands of our region of the Pacific together, to serve as the host island for the central coordinating base for the network of regional museums, with the understanding, of course, that already established, partnering museums and institutions situated throughout the island jurisdictions of the APIL Pacific will all constitute sensibly coordinated, yet independent components of the affiliated network; and

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that certified copies of this resolution be transmitted to the Chief Executives and Presiding Legislative Officers of each of the member jurisdictions of the Association of Pacific Island Legislatures; and

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that certified copies of this resolution also be transmitted to the Director-General of the International Council of Museums, (ICOM), to the Director-General of the United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization, (UNESCO), to the Director-General of the Secretariat of the Pacific Community, (SPC), to the President of the Micronesian Endowment for Historic Preservation (MEHP), and to the Ambassadors to the island countries within the APIL Pacific from the nations of Australia, Japan, the People's Republic of China, the Republic of China, and the United States of America with the respectful and humble request that, if possible, these officials and the

- 1 international organizations and governments they represent provide much needed advice and
- 2 references to the President of the Association of Pacific Island Legislatures as to the

SECRETARY

3 establishment of a closely affiliated network of museums for the APIL Pacific.

DULY AND REGULARLY ADOPTED ON THE 17th DAY OF JULY, 2014.

JUDITH T. WON PAT, ED.D. PRESIDENT